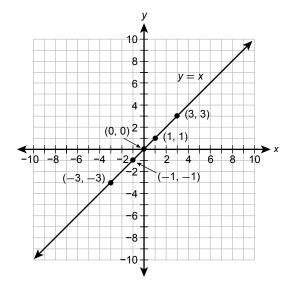
Simple Linear Graphs

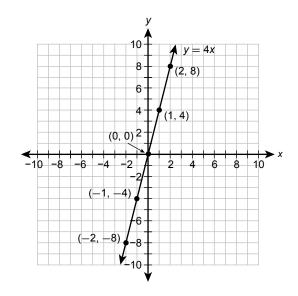
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1.

X	y = x	(x, y)
-3	y = -3	(-3, -3)
-1	y = -1	(-1, -1)
0	y = 0	(0, 0)
1	y = 1	(1, 1)
3	y = 3	(3, 3)

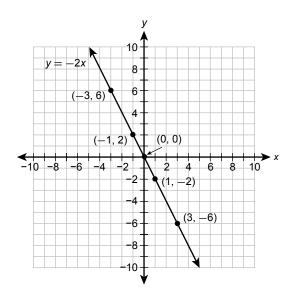
x	y = 4x	(x, y)
-2	$y = 4 \cdot (-2) = -8$	(-2, -8)
-1	$y = 4 \cdot (-1) = -4$	(-1, -4)
0	$y = 4 \cdot 0 = 0$	(0, 0)
1	$y = 4 \cdot 1 = 4$	(1, 4)
2	$y = 4 \cdot 2 = 8$	(2, 8)



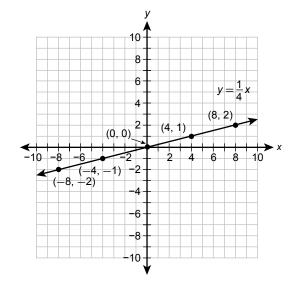


3.

x	y = -2x	(x, y)
-3	$y = -2 \cdot (-3) = 6$	(-3, 6)
-1	$y = -2 \cdot (-1) = 2$	(-1, 2)
0	$y = -2 \cdot 0 = 0$	(0, 0)
1	$y = -2 \cdot 1 = -2$	(1, -2)
3	$y = -2 \cdot 3 = -6$	(3, -6)



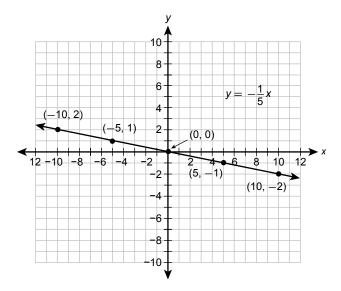
х	$y=\frac{1}{4}x$	(x, y)
-8	$y = \frac{1}{4} \bullet (-8) = -2$	(-8, -2)
-4	$y = \frac{1}{4} \bullet (-4) = -1$	(-4, -1)
0	$y = \frac{1}{4} \cdot 0 = 0$	(0, 0)
4	$y = \frac{1}{4} \cdot 4 = 1$	(4, 1)
8	$y = \frac{1}{4} \cdot 8 = 2$	(8, 2)

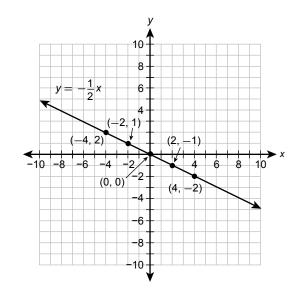


5.

x	$y=-\frac{1}{5}x$	(x, y)
-10	$y = -\frac{1}{5} \bullet (-10) = 2$	(-10, 2)
-5	$y = -\frac{1}{5} \bullet (-5) = 1$	(-5, 1)
0	$y = -\frac{1}{5} \cdot 0 = 0$	(0, 0)
5	$y = -\frac{1}{5} \cdot 5 = -1$	(5, -1)
10	$y = -\frac{1}{5} \cdot 10 = -2$	(10, -2)

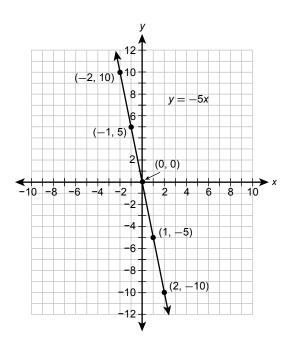
х	$y=-\frac{1}{2}x$	(x, y)
-4	$y = -\frac{1}{2} \bullet (-4) = 2$	(-4, 2)
-2	$y = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot (-2) = 1$	(-2, 1)
0	$y = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 = 0$	(0, 0)
2	$y = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 = -1$	(2, -1)
4	$y = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 = -2$	(4, -2)



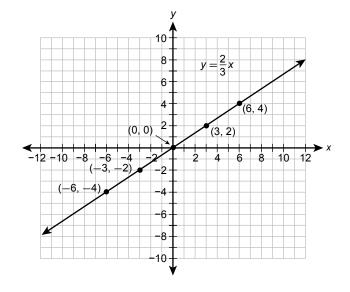


7.

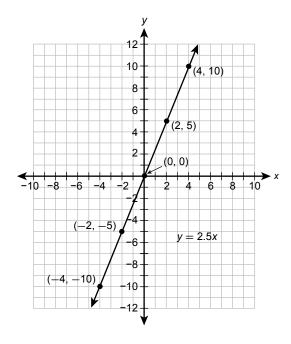
x	y = -5x	(x, y)
-2	$y = -5 \cdot (-2) = 10$	(-2, 10)
-1	$y = -5 \cdot (-1) = 5$	(-1, 5)
0	$y = -5 \cdot 0 = 0$	(0, 0)
1	$y = -5 \cdot 1 = -5$	(1, -5)
2	$y = -5 \cdot 2 = -10$	(2, -10)



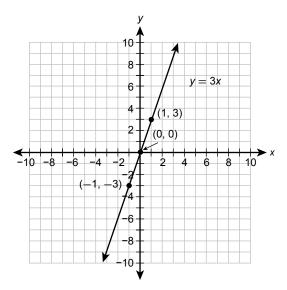
•	x	$y=\frac{2}{3}x$	(x, y)
	-6	$y = \frac{2}{3} \cdot (-6) = -4$	(-6, -4)
	-3	$y = \frac{2}{3} \cdot (-3) = -2$	(-3, -2)
	0	$y = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 0 = 0$	(0, 0)
	3	$y = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 3 = 2$	(3, 2)
	6	$y = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 6 = 4$	(6, 4)



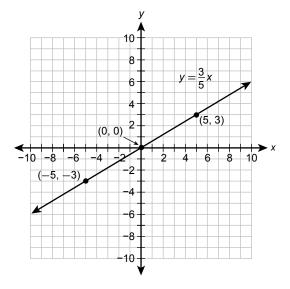
9.	х	y = 2.5x	(x, y)
	-4	$y = 2.5 \cdot (-4) = -10$	(-4, -10)
	-2	$y = 2.5 \cdot (-2) = -5$	(-2, -5)
	0	$y = 2.5 \cdot 0 = 0$	(0, 0)
	2	$y = 2.5 \cdot 2 = 5$	(2, 5)
	4	$v = 2.5 \cdot 4 = 10$	(4 10)



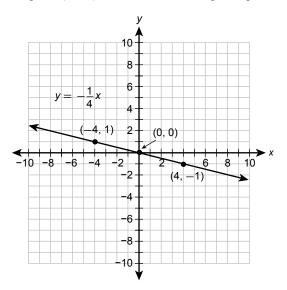
10. The slope is 3. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 3 units up and 1 unit to the right, then plot the point (1, 3). Beginning at the origin, move 3 units down and 1 unit to the left, then plot the point (-1, -3). Draw the line through the points.



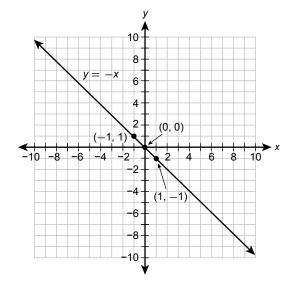
11. The slope is $\frac{3}{5}$. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 3 units up and 5 units to the right, then plot the point (5, 3). Beginning at the origin, move 3 units down and 5 units to the left, then plot the point (-5, -3). Draw the line through the points.



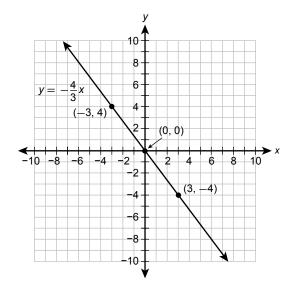
12. The slope is $-\frac{1}{4}$. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 1 unit up and 4 units to the left, then plot the point (-4, 1). Beginning at the origin, move 1 unit down and 4 units to the right, then plot the point (4, -1). Draw the line through the points.



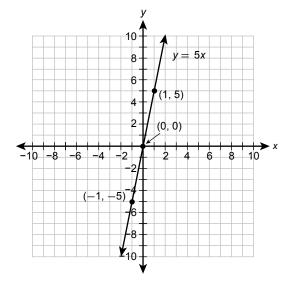
13. The slope is -1. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 1 unit up and 1 unit to the left, then plot the point (-1, 1). Beginning at the origin, move 1 unit down and 1 unit to the right, then plot the point (1, -1). Draw the line through the points.



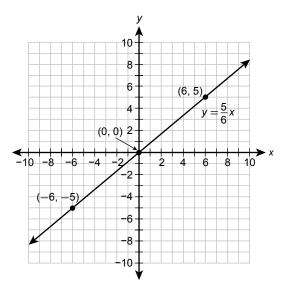
14. The slope is $-\frac{4}{3}$. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 4 units up and 3 units to the left, then plot the point (-3, 4). Beginning at the origin, move 4 units down and 3 units to the right, then plot the point (3, -4). Draw the line through the points.



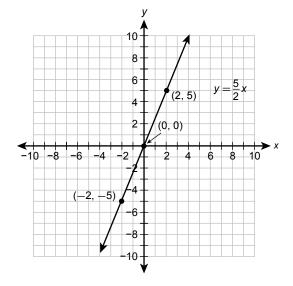
15. The slope is 5. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 5 units up and 1 unit to the right, then plot the point (1, 5). Beginning at the origin, move 5 units down and 1 unit to the left, then plot the point (-1, -5). Draw the line through the points.



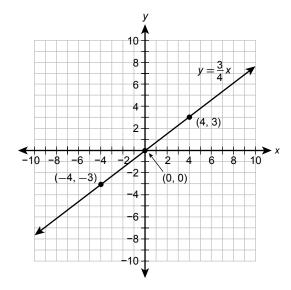
16. The slope is $\frac{5}{6}$. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 5 units up and 6 units to the right, then plot the point (6, 5). Beginning at the origin, move 5 units down and 6 units to the left, then plot the point (-6, -5). Draw the line through the points.



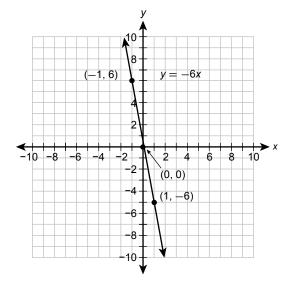
17. The slope is $\frac{5}{2}$. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 5 units up and 2 units to the right, then plot the point (2, 5). Beginning at the origin, move 5 units down and 2 units to the left, then plot the point (-2, -5). Draw the line through the points.



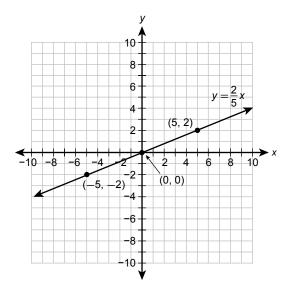
18. The slope is $\frac{3}{4}$. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 3 units up and 4 units to the right, then plot the point (4, 3). Beginning at the origin, move 3 units down and 4 units to the left, then plot the point (-4, -3). Draw the line through the points.



19. The slope is -6. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 6 units up and 1 unit to the left, then plot the point (-1, 6). Beginning at the origin, move 6 units down and 1 unit to the right, then plot the point (1, -6). Draw the line through the points.



20. The slope is $\frac{2}{5}$. Plot the point (0, 0). Beginning at the origin, move 2 units up and 5 units to the right, then plot the point (5, 2). Beginning at the origin, move 2 units down and 5 units to the left, then plot the point (-5, -2). Draw the line through the points.



21. Choose two points on the line, and use the slope formula. Let $(x_1, y_1) = (0, 0)$ and $(x_2, y_2) = (4, -3)$. Find the slope: $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{4 - 0} = -\frac{3}{4}$. The equation is $y = -\frac{3}{4}x$.

- Choose two points on the line, and use the slope formula. Let $(x_1, y_1) = (0, 0)$ and $(x_2, y_2) = (1, 3)$. Find the slope: $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{3 - 0}{1 - 0} = 3$. The equation is y = 3x.
- 23. Choose two points on the line, and use the slope formula. Let $(x_1, y_1) = (0, 0)$ and $(x_2, y_2) = (2, -3)$. Find the slope: $m = \frac{y_2 y_1}{x_2 x_1} = \frac{-3 0}{2 0} = -\frac{3}{2}$. The equation is $y = -\frac{3}{2}x$.
- Choose two points on the line, and use the slope formula. Let $(x_1, y_1) = (0, 0)$ and $(x_2, y_2) = (1, -4)$. Find the slope: $m = \frac{y_2 y_1}{x_2 x_1} = \frac{-4 0}{1 0} = -4$. The equation is y = -4x.
- 25. Choose two points on the line, and use the slope formula. Let $(x_1, y_1) = (0, 0)$ and $(x_2, y_2) = (3, 2)$. Find the slope: $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 0}{3 - 0} = \frac{2}{3}$. The equation is $y = \frac{2}{3}x$.